## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

Claims 1-11. (Canceled)

12. (New) A pressure-holding valve for a fuel injection system including at least one fuel valve device having a high-pressure region and a low-pressure region, the valve comprising

a valve housing having a first connection connectable to the low-pressure region and a second connection connectable to the return of a fuel injection valve device,

- a reciprocating valve cup contained in the valve housing,
- a first spring device prestressing the valve cup,
- a through opening in the valve cup,
- a closing element operable to close the through opening;

a second spring device applying a prestressing force to the closing element in order to maintain a minimum pressure in the return, and

a pressure relief device contained in the valve housing between the first connection and the valve cup, the pressure relief device being operable from outside the valve housing.

13. (New) The pressure-holding valve according to claim 12, wherein the pressure relief device comprises a pressure pin that protrudes from the first connection toward the valve cup.

Applicant: Hans BREKLE Docket No. R.305588

Preliminary Amdt.

14. (New) The pressure-holding valve according to claim 13, wherein the pressure relief

device comprises a positioning disk clamped between the second spring device and the valve

housing, the pressure pin protruding from the positioning disc.

15. (New) The pressure-holding valve according to claim 14, further comprising a fixing

disc between the positioning disk and the valve housing, which fixing disc serves to fix a

filter element between the positioning disk and the fixing disk.

16. (New) The pressure-holding valve according to claim 15, further comprising through

openings in the fixing disk and the positioning disk.

17. (New) The pressure-holding valve according to claim 16, wherein the through openings

in the fixing disk and in the positioning disk are designed and arranged to assure a passage of

fuel through the fixing disk and through the positioning disk regardless of a relative rotation

of the two disks in relation to each other.

18. (New) The pressure-holding valve according to claim 15, wherein the fixing disc

comprises an annular bead on its radial outside on the side thereof oriented away from the

positioning disk.

Page 6 of 12

Applicant: Hans BREKLE Docket No. R.305588

Preliminary Amdt.

19. (New) The pressure-holding valve according to claim 16, wherein the fixing disc

comprises an annular bead on its radial outside on the side thereof oriented away from the

positioning disk.

20. (New) The pressure-holding valve according to claim 17, wherein the fixing disc

comprises an annular bead on its radial outside on the side thereof oriented away from the

positioning disk.

21. (New) A tool for reducing the pressure in a pressure-holding valve according to claim

12, the tool comprising a cup-shaped base body with a bottom wall and an essentially

circular, cylindrical circumferential sidewall extending from the bottom wall, the inner

diameter of the sidewall being slightly greater than the diameter of the outer circumference of

the pressure-holding valve in the region of the first connection.

22. (New) A tool for reducing the pressure in a pressure-holding valve according to claim

13, the tool comprising a cup-shaped base body with a bottom wall and an essentially

circular, cylindrical circumferential sidewall extending from the bottom wall, the inner

diameter of the sidewall being slightly greater than the diameter of the outer circumference of

the pressure-holding valve in the region of the first connection.

23. (New) A tool for reducing the pressure in a pressure-holding valve according to claim

14, the tool comprising a cup-shaped base body with a bottom wall and an essentially

Page 7 of 12

Applicant: Hans BREKLE

Docket No. R.305588

Preliminary Amdt.

circular, cylindrical circumferential sidewall extending from the bottom wall, the inner

diameter of the sidewall being slightly greater than the diameter of the outer circumference of

the pressure-holding valve in the region of the first connection.

24. (New) A tool for reducing the pressure in a pressure-holding valve according to claim

15, the tool comprising a cup-shaped base body with a bottom wall and an essentially

circular, cylindrical circumferential sidewall extending from the bottom wall, the inner

diameter of the sidewall being slightly greater than the diameter of the outer circumference of

the pressure-holding valve in the region of the first connection.

25. (New) A tool for reducing the pressure in a pressure-holding valve according to claim

16, the tool comprising a cup-shaped base body with a bottom wall and an essentially

circular, cylindrical circumferential sidewall extending from the bottom wall, the inner

diameter of the sidewall being slightly greater than the diameter of the outer circumference of

the pressure-holding valve in the region of the first connection.

26. (New) A tool for reducing the pressure in a pressure-holding valve according to claim

17, the tool comprising a cup-shaped base body with a bottom wall and an essentially

circular, cylindrical circumferential sidewall extending from the bottom wall, the inner

diameter of the sidewall being slightly greater than the diameter of the outer circumference of

the pressure-holding valve in the region of the first connection.

Page 8 of 12

Applicant: Hans BREKLE Docket No. R.305588 Preliminary Amdt.

27. (New) A tool for reducing the pressure in a pressure-holding valve according to claim

18, the tool comprising a cup-shaped base body with a bottom wall and an essentially

circular, cylindrical circumferential sidewall extending from the bottom wall, the inner

diameter of the sidewall being slightly greater than the diameter of the outer circumference of

the pressure-holding valve in the region of the first connection.

28. (New) A tool for reducing the pressure in a pressure-holding valve according to claim

19, the tool comprising a cup-shaped base body with a bottom wall and an essentially

circular, cylindrical circumferential sidewall extending from the bottom wall, the inner

diameter of the sidewall being slightly greater than the diameter of the outer circumference of

the pressure-holding valve in the region of the first connection.

29. (New) The tool according to claim 21, further comprising an arbor on the inside of the

tool, the arbor extending from the bottom in the direction of the longitudinal tool axis, the

arbor having an outer diameter slightly smaller than the inner diameter of the first connection

and having a length greater than the length of the first connection.

30. (New) A set including a pressure-holding valve according to claim 12 and a tool

comprising a cup-shaped base body with a bottom wall and an essentially circular, cylindrical

circumferential sidewall extending from the bottom wall, the inner diameter of the sidewall

being slightly greater than the outer circumference of the pressure-holding valve in the region

of the first connection.

Page 9 of 12

Applicant: Hans BREKLE Docket No. R.305588 Preliminary Amdt.

31. (New) In combination, a fuel injection system including a low-pressure region and a

high-pressure region from which a fuel injection valve device is supplied, which fuel

injection device is connected to the low-pressure region via a return, and a pressure-holding

valve connected to the return of the fuel injection valve device and to the low-pressure region,

the pressure holding valve comprising

a valve housing having a first connection connectable to the low-pressure region and a

second connection connectable to the return of a fuel injection valve device,

a reciprocating valve cup contained in the valve housing,

a first spring device prestressing the valve cup,

a through opening in the valve cup

a closing element operable to close the through opening; and

a second spring device applying a prestressing force to the closing element in order to

maintain a minimum pressure in the return, and

a pressure relief device contained in the valve housing between the first connection

and the valve cup, the pressure relief device being operable from outside the valve housing.